



## General Conference

34th session, Paris 2007  
Draft resolution

## Генеральная конференция

34-я сессия, Париж 2007 г.  
Проект резолюции

# dr

United Nations  
Educational, Scientific and  
Cultural Organization

Organisation  
des Nations Unies  
pour l'éducation,  
la science et la culture

Organización  
de las Naciones Unidas  
para la Educación,  
la Ciencia y la Cultura

Организация  
Объединенных Наций по  
вопросам образования,  
науки и культуры

منظمة الأمم المتحدة  
للتربية والعلم والثقافة

联合国教育、  
科学及文化组织

## Conférence générale

34<sup>e</sup> session, Paris 2007  
Projet de résolution

## المؤتمر العام

الدورة الرابعة والثلاثون، باريس ٢٠٠٧  
مشروعات القرارات

## Conferencia General

34<sup>a</sup> reunión, París 2007  
Proyecto de resolución

## 大会

第三十四届会议，巴黎，2007年  
决议草案

34 C/DR.26\*  
(COM.SHS)  
3 October 2007  
Original: English

### Item 4.2 of the provisional agenda

## Amendment to the Draft Programme and Budget for 2008-2009 (34 C/5 2nd version)

Submitted by **ITALY**

Supported by **EGYPT**

### Part II.A – Programmes

Major Programme:	III	SOCIAL AND HUMAN SCIENCES
Resolution No.:	03000	
Biennial sectoral priority:	2	Enhancing research-policy linkages relevant to social transformations
Paragraphs:	(iii) and (iv)	
Budgetary implications indicated by the sponsor:	None	
Source of financing proposed by the sponsor:	–	

### Proposed modification:

- (iii) promote policy-oriented research in the social sciences in the framework of the Management of Social Transformations intergovernmental programme (MOST) to give support to the development of policy-oriented research, and related capacity-building, in the fields of poverty eradication, migration, including the exploitation of migrants' rights, culture and memory, urban issues and youth and gender policies, in close cooperation with regional research networks; disseminate cutting-edge research results and improved methodologies through publications and online databases;
- (iv) strengthen research-policy linkages in the social sciences and national research systems in the framework of the Management of Social Transformations intergovernmental programme (MOST), to contribute to improving the coordination and integration of social science research, in close cooperation with the international social research councils, and relevant United Nations research institutions; support

\* This proposal was received by the Secretariat on 31 August 2007.

international and regional forums of ministers of social development, scientific networks and spaces of dialogue between decision-makers and the social sciences research community; contribute to the elaboration of national and regional social and human sciences policies, in the framework of UNESCO's intersectoral platform relating to the strengthening of national research systems;

**Explanatory note:**

The proposed amendment aims to strengthen, without budgetary implications, the action plans relating to the issues of migrants in the framework of biennial sectoral priority 2.

The proposed draft resolution derives from 33 C/DR.72 and 33 C/DR.73 of Commission III. They were adopted by the General Conference at its 33rd session, and particularly stressed by the meeting of 23-26 October 2006 in Rome, during which the participants underlined the necessity to support cultural diversity protection through the creation of networks, referred to migrations, starting from shared concepts, values and principles.

On the other hand, the Mediterranean National Commissions meeting in Palerme on 21 and 22 May 2006, reaffirmed the centrality of migration themes for UNESCO, looking at it as one of the main referents of international projects and programmes aiming at the exploitation of migrants' memory.

During this meeting, the Mediterranean National Commissions identified themselves as the privileged referents for the mutual exchange of experiences, knowledge and good practices, so as to strengthen the existing scientific networks in this field.

The exploitation of migrants' rights, culture and memory appears as the only way of the development of social sciences, the protection of cultural diversity and the constitution of the dialogue between the civilizations, which is a basic tool for living peaceably together, for the struggle against discriminations and terrorism.